Eligibility

Any person may register an emission reduction

Under Wisconsin law, person means:

All Types of Sources

- Stationary Sources
- Mobile Sources
- Renewable Energy Projects
- Energy Efficiency Projects
- Carbon Sequestration Projects
- Anything else you can think of

Eligibility Requirements (NR 437.03)

Reductions must:

- not be required by law
- occur within Wisconsin
- result from one or more actions taken
- not have been registered by any other person
- equal or exceed the registration threshold.

Eligible Gases and Air Contaminants

Table 1

Emission Reduced	Registration Threshold
Greenhouse gases	25 tons per year CO ₂ equivalent
Nitrogen oxides	1 ton per year
Sulfur dioxide	1 ton per year
Volatile organic compounds	1 ton per year
Fine particulate matter	1 ton per year
Carbon monoxide	1 ton per year
Lead and lead compounds	0.5 ton per year
Mercury and mercury compounds	1 pound per year

Greenhouse Gases

- carbon dioxide
- methane
- nitrous oxide
- hydrofluorcarbons
- perfluorocarbons
- sulfur hexafluoride
- any other gas that traps heat in the atmosphere

Retroactive

VERs may be retroactively registered

- GHGs back to 1991
- Other pollutants back to 1994

Quantification

The Emission Reduction

Baseline Emissions

1

Reduced Emissions

Quantification

• NR 437.06 - General Quantification Guidelines

• NR 437.04 - Specific Quantification Protocols

General Guidelines

Reductions Shall Be Quantified As:

- Mass Based (lbs. or tons per year) or
- Rate Based (lbs or tons per unit of input or output)
- or both

General Guidelines

• VERs and Baselines shall be quantified and reported on a calendar year basis

 Greenhouse Gas VERs shall be quantified and reported as carbon dioxide equivalents

General Guidelines

• Ozone precursor VERs may be quantified and reported for the 5-month ozone season (May-September) in terms of tons or lbs. per day averaged over the ozone season.

• VERs may be quantified and reported at the project level, the facility level, or statewide.

Mercury

VERs that result from mercury collection projects may be reported as pounds of mercury collected, stored and disposed.

Quantification Protocols

NR 437.04(2)(a):

- 1. Source Emission Testing performed in accordance with NR 439.07 and 446.04.
- 2. Continuous Emission Monitoring performed in accordance with NR 439.09 and 439.095.
- 3. Mass Balance Estimates

Published Protocols

- Mostly quantification protocols
- One or two reporting protocols
- Apply to all types of sources
- For more detailed information on protocols:
 - Registry web site
 - Registry handbook

Emission Factors

Emissions = Source Activity Data x Emission Factor

e.g., 1,000 gallons of gasoline burned per year x 20 lbs CO2 emitted per gallon burned = 20,000 lbs CO2 emitted per year

Alternative Protocols

Must submit the following information

- A copy of the protocol
- Documentation of the accuracy and replicability of the protocol
- The name and address of the organization that developed the protocol
- The Department shall maintain a list of the alternative protocols submitted

No Protocol

When no protocol is available, the action may be registered without quantifying the emission reduction.

Baseline Determination

The Emission Reduction

Baseline Emissions

1

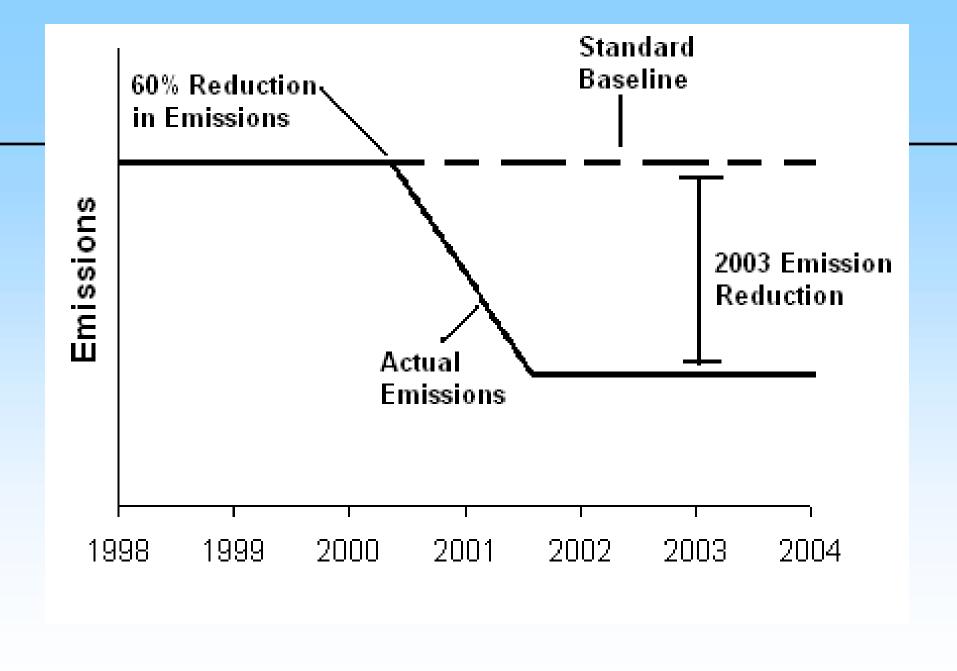
1

Reduced Emissions

Standard Baseline

"Baselines for emission reduction actions shall be determined as the average annual actual emissions or emission rate for the 2 years immediately preceding the year in which the VER action is taken."

NR 437.05(1)(a)



Baseline for Avoided Emissions

For Renewable Energy And Energy Efficiency Projects:

Baseline = the average annual emission rate for the Wisconsin generating system of the electric power generator whose emissions are avoided, given in terms of mass per unit of energy produced.

NR 437.05(1)(b)

Carbon Sequestration Projects

Baseline = the amount of carbon, quantified in terms of carbon dioxide equivalents, stored in the carbon sequestration project area at the beginning of the project.

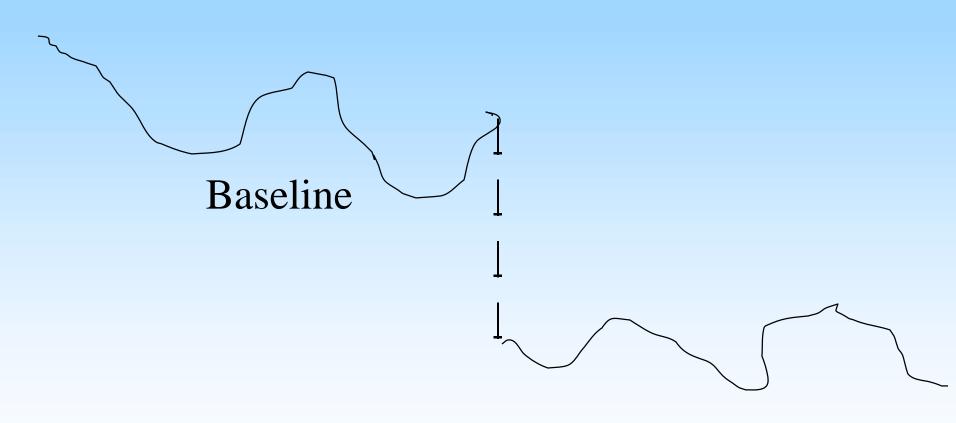
NR 437.05(3)

Alternative Baselines

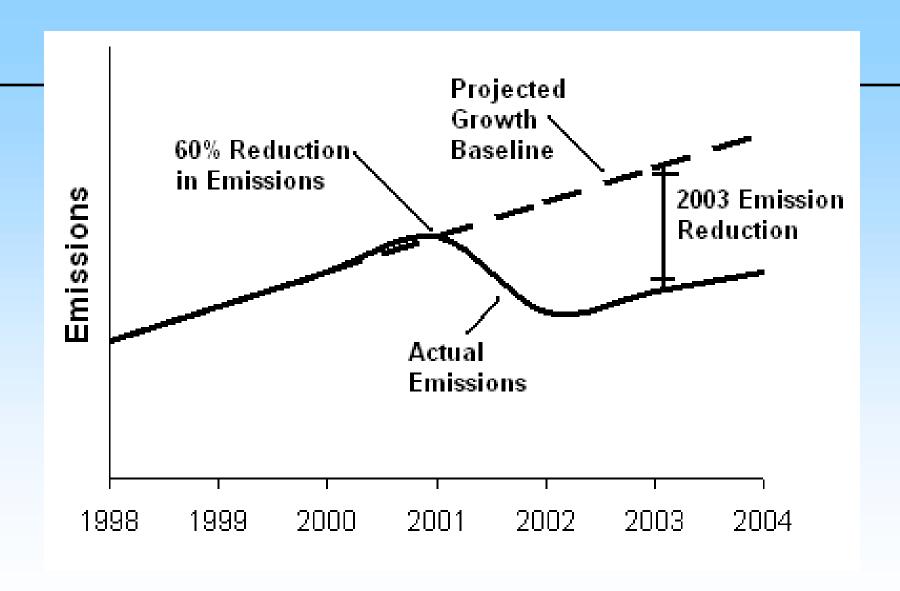
• Alternative years may be used if the standard baseline (two year average) is not representative

- No prior emissions
 - use applicable emission limit
 - use industry or activity avarage

The Emission Reduction



Reduced Emissions



No Baseline

"When no quantification protocol is available to determine a baseline, the action may be registered without determining a baseline."

NR 437.05(4)

Verification

Or how do I know that my emission reduction is real?

No verification is required to register an emission reduction.

But...

Verification is strongly encouraged.

To verify means to establish the truth, accuracy, or reality of a voluntary emission reduction.

Tiers of Verification

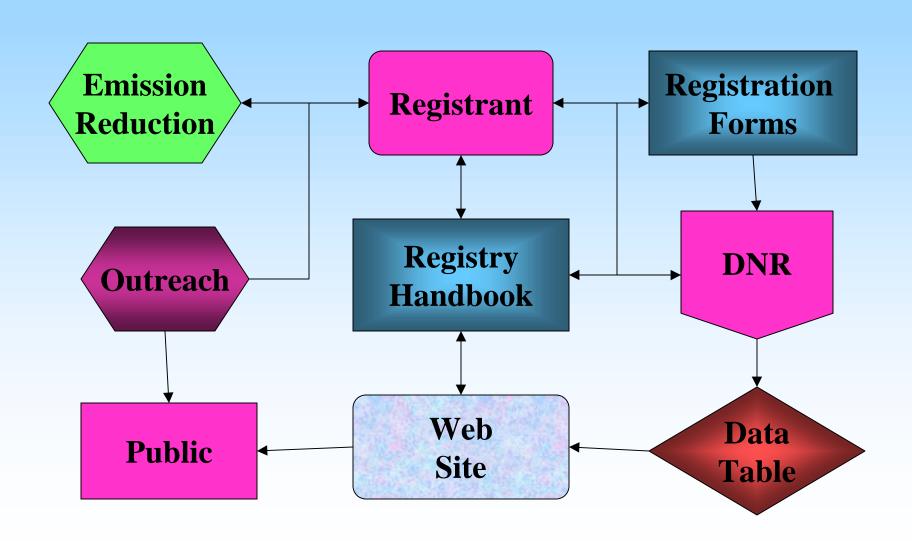
- Self audit
 - conduct and document QA and QC procedures
 - according to published standards (ISO 14010)
- Unaccredited third-party verification or audit
 - review of calculations, activity data, emission factors
- Accredited third-party verification
 - audit by a certified third-party verifier under a contractual relationship to registrant

Rigorous Verification

- Verify ownership
- Conduct field inspection
- Verify emission factors
- Verify source activity data
- Check calculations
- Check baseline determination
- Ensure accurate reporting
- Ensure that all registry requirements are met

Registration

How the Registry Works



Registration

- Registration Update
 - VER doesn't change
 - VER does change

Correction of Historical Data

Contact Information

Eric Mosher
Climate Change Specialist
Wisconsin DNR

phone: 608-266-3010

fax: 608-267-0560

e-mail:

Eric.Mosher@dnr.state.wi.us